



INTRODUCTION

Our **DHL Express GoGreen Dashboard** is designed to offer you a solution for your overall company's carbon emissions data with DHL Express. It is compliant with the international GLEC framework and ISO 14083.

Go to Dashboard

What can you find in the DHL Express GoGreen Dashboard?

Page _	Description
Overview	Total CO2e emissions and development over time
Emission Breakdown	Comprehensive data tables containing volume, emission, clean delivery figures, available to be grouped in different variations. In addition, a further drilldown to see the underlying single shipment emission figures is available via a right click.
Emission Trend	Comprehensive data tables containing volume figures, relative and absolute emission KPI's, in parallel to over time visualization.
Geographical Flow	World maps visualizing trade lanes on country and city level
Top Lanes	Emissions, volumes and efficiency KPI's split by the top 25 "Country to Country" or "Service Area to Service Area" lanes
Glossary	A glossary, defining indicators and terms used in this application

DHL Express Internal Information

Supporting Material

Training materials and additional documentation on technical setup and methodology used, can be found here.

Access

Frontline Sales access is based on COMET primary positions and territories. For other functions, please request access to Data Factory if you have not done so already, using this form.

Contact

For any technical issues, please raise a ticket with us via this <u>link</u>.

Important Information

- The report contains CO2 equivalent emissions (CO2e) caused directly by DHL Express entities and by its subcontractors as defined in scopes 1, 2 and 3 of the GHG Protocol by WRI/WBCSD.
- The CO2e emissions cover the complete transport chain from pickup to delivery as well as stationary facilities such as hubs, gateways, stations and warehouses and related upstream emissions. Note that the emissions presented here do not include the reductions achieved via your contribution (if any) to the GoGreen Plus service.
- Bottom-up approach: Specific CO2e emissions are calculated ex-post per shipment based on the emissions and loading factors of the vehicles used and are allocated to the shipments.
- No additional GHGs are included beyond CO2, CH4, N2O, SF6, HFCs, PFCs
- Emissions tables and master data are updated every year in February based on previous years (January to December) emissions for Road, Real Estate and Air.
- The DHL Express proprietary emission calculation system, applied methodologies and factors are verified by external auditors on a yearly basis for meeting the principles of Transparency, Accuracy, Consistency, Completeness and Relevance.
- DHL Express assumes liability for the accuracy of the calculation of the CO2e emissions only based on the terms and conditions set forth in the GoGreen and/or transport contract concluded with the customer. DHL Express explicitly excludes any liability for the completeness and accuracy of the report in case of a use by any third party other than the customer set forth in the report.

VERIFIED

DHL Carbon Emission

Version: 1.3.2 as of 25/07/2024

© DHL Group. All rights reserved.

Annual

Customer

All

Quarterly

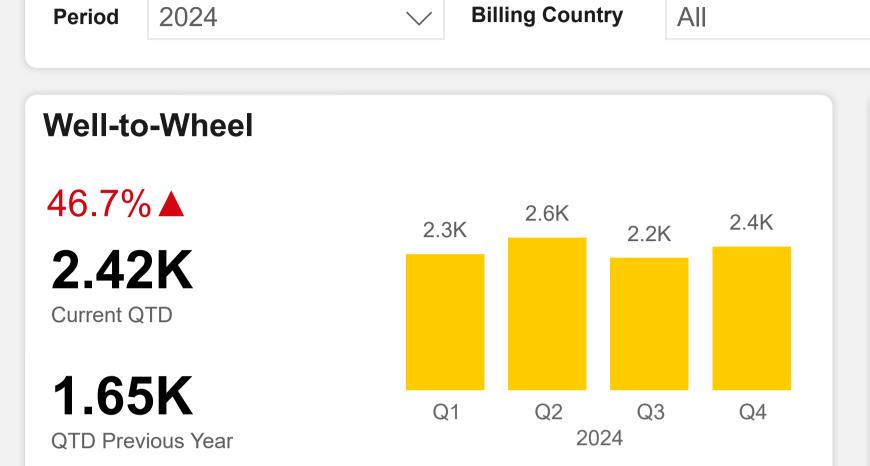
Monthly

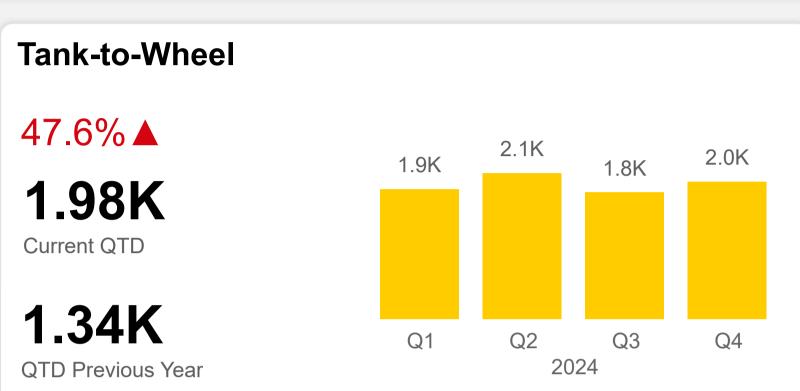
Account

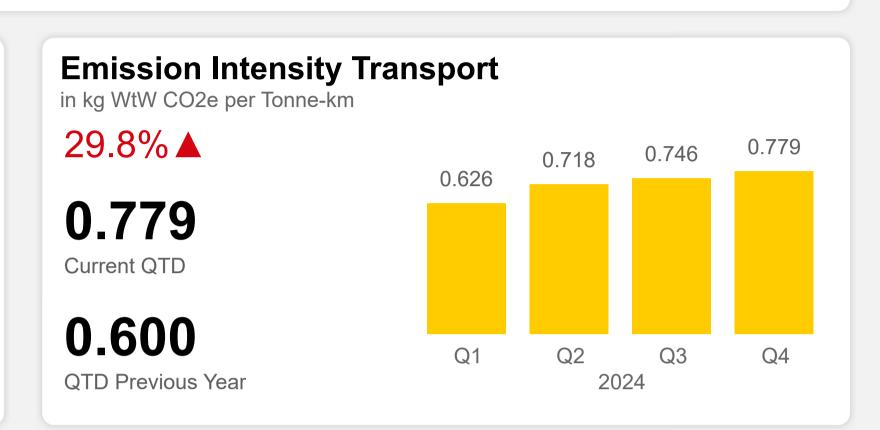


 \bigvee

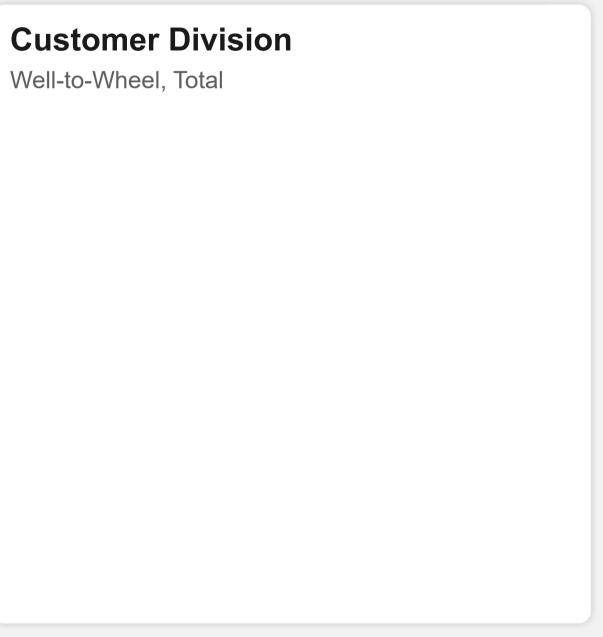
Total Emissions in kg CO2e

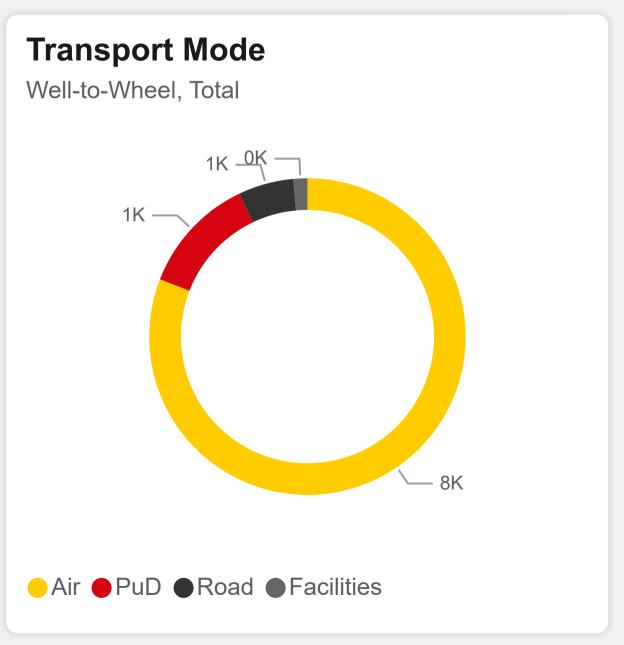


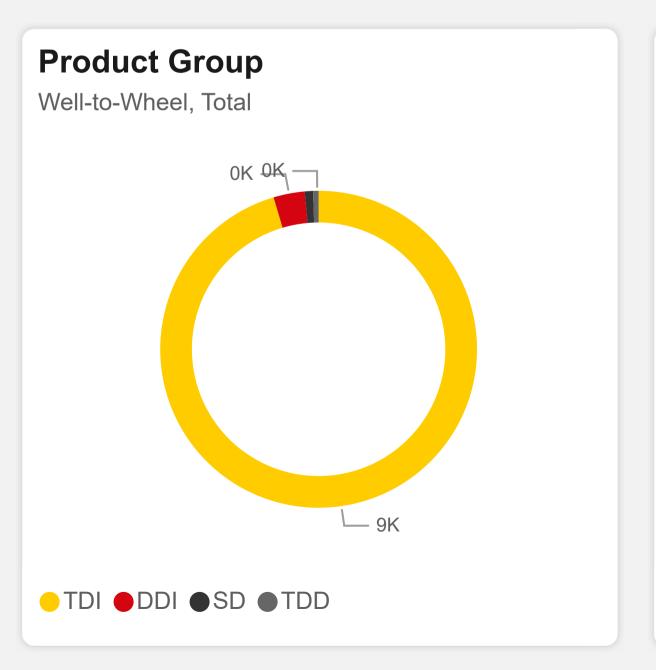


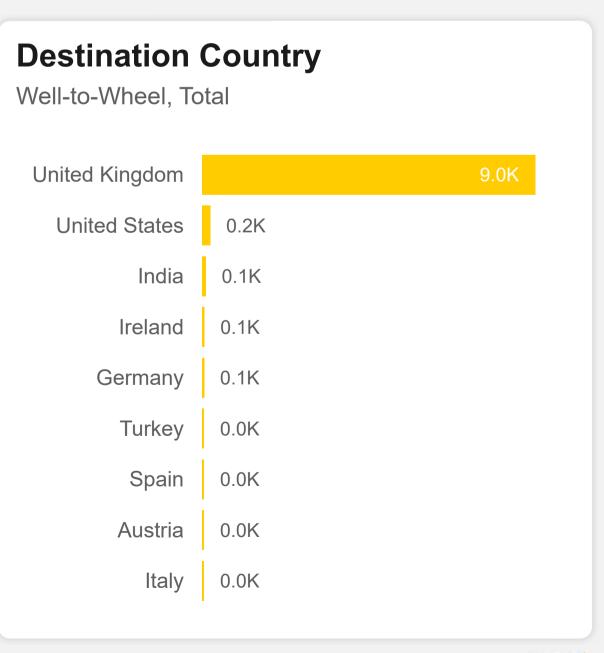


Breakdown by (Year-to-Date)









Total

Emission Breakdown and Shipment Drilldown ?



Account All 2024 All **Billing Country** Customer Period By Account By Transport By Year & By Product By Origin By Origin By Destination By Destination By Country By Service By Customer By Product By Year Group Month Region Region Number Mode Country Country Area Lane Division Lane **Energy WtW (in** CO2e WtW (in kg) Shipment Tonne KM (in CO2e TtW (in kg) **Emission** Year Month Shipment Distance (in km) Shipment Weight Share **Emission Emission** Weight (in kg) Share of Share of CO₂e Intensity (in Intensity (in Intensity (in Name Quantity tkm) kg CO2e per kg CO2e per Clean GoGreen kg CO2e TKM) per Kilo) Plus Delivery Shipment) 2024 January 28 1,121 68,448 1,337 3.6% 517 22.785 0.569 10,140 638 37.7% 0.477 2024 February 33 697 81,979 1,371 0.0% 771 945 74.0% 28.629 1.355 13,775 0.689 27 366 583 67,533 958 7.4% 0.744 10,245 2024 March 713 84.6% 26.402 1.948 386 50,500 656 5.9% 502 75.8% 29.531 1.301 7,373 2024 April 17 39.6% 410 0.765 4.8% 83,871 1,630 1,063 1,299 18,270 21 410 94.0% 89.9% 0.797 61.840 3.171 2024 May 476 1,296 0.0% 43.7% 629 72.3% 0.595 1.619 16 51,655 48.179 11,135 2024 June 771 2024 July 26 355 67,058 1,372 86.3% 864 88.7% 40.613 2.979 14,881 3.8% 1,056 0.770 193 26,444 20.0% 50.6% 460 81.8% 2.387 6,509 2024 August 747 376 0.615 91.917 303 67,084 6.7% 86.6% 23.815 2.362 2024 September 30 870 86.6% 585 10,156 714 0.821 2024 October 299 74,705 1,308 75.8% 784 89.8% 3.201 13,431 26 36.817 0.0% 957 0.732 23 304 63,622 13.0% 31.390 2.379 10,283 835 87.3% 591 86.6% 2024 November 722 0.865 2024 December 19 342 60,341 93.0% 605 10,585 963 10.5% 740 85.6% 0.768 38.950 2.164 271 5,249 13,343 5.2% 42.3% 80.9% 0.713 763,241 7,778 9,516 35.116 1.813 136,782



Emission and Shipment Trend

Period 2024 V Billing Country All V Customer All V Account (i) All

Customer Volumes

		2023			2	024	Variance		
		GoGreen Plus	Others	Total	GoGreen Plus	Others	Total	Abs.	%
	Number of Shipments		290	290	138	133	271	-19	-6.6%
\triangle	Weight (in kg)		7,675	7,675	2,221	3,028	5,249	-2,426	-31.6%
KM -	Tonne Kilometres		10,121	10,121	8,457	4,885	13,343	3,221	31.8%
7	Energy (MJ WtW)		88,684	88,684	94,600	42,182	136,782	48,098	54.2%

Relative Emissions Indicator

		2023			2	2024	Variance		
		Emissions (WtW, in kg)	Total	Emissions per Unit (in kg)	Emissions (WtW, in kg)	Total	Emissions per Unit (in kg)	Abs.	%
EpS	Emissions per Shipment	5,832	290	20.109	9,516	271	35.116	15.007	74.6%
EpK	Emissions per Kilo	5,832	7,675	0.760	9,516	5,249	1.813	1.053	138.6%
EpTK	Emissions per TonneKM	5,832	10,121	0.576	9,516	13,343	0.713	0.137	23.8%

Total CO₂e Emissions

	2023			2024			Variance		
	TtW (in kg)	TtW (in %)	WtW (in kg)	TtW (in kg)	TtW (in %)	WtW (in kg)	Abs.	%	
Air Transport	2,514	53.0%	3,070	6,305	81.1%	7,698	4,629	150.8%	
Road Transport	903	19.0%	1,130	429	5.5%	536	-594	-52.6%	
Pickup & Delivery	1,185	25.0%	1,467	928	11.9%	1,145	-322	-22.0%	
Facilities	141	3.0%	165	117	1.5%	137	-28	-17.0%	
Total Emissions	4,743	100%	5,832	7,778	100%	9,516	3,685	63.2%	

Over Time Side by Side Comparison by Month ✓ Country Lane Product All \vee Shipment Shipment **Emissions** CO2e WtW Quantity **Shipment Quantity by Period** Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Q3 Q4 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul 2024 Shipment Shipment **Emissions** CO2e WtW Weight Quantity **Shipment Weight by Period** 1,121 1,000 697 366 386 410 ⁴⁷⁶ 355 355 193 299 304 342 0 Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Q3 2024

Geographical Flow



Period 2024 V Billing Country All V Customer All V Account (i) All

Shipment Volumes and Emissions by Origin and Destination Country

Number of Lanes shown on map: 10



This visual does not support exporting.

Shipment Volumes and Emissions by Origin and Destination City

Number of Lanes shown on map: 10



This visual does not support exporting.

	Country Lane Names	Shipment Quantity	Shipment Weight (in kg)	Tonne KM (in tkm)	CO2e WtW (in kg) ▼	Emissions per TKM
1	United States-United Kingdom	41	590	6,308	4,290	0.680
2	Austria-United Kingdom	56	1,794	3,406	2,896	0.850
3	Germany-United Kingdom	50	461	735	832	1.131
4	Netherlands-United Kingdom	17	1,455	1,566	533	0.340
5	United Kingdom-United Kingdom	49	569	351	267	0.760
6	United Kingdom-United States	1	37	336	223	0.663
7	Sweden-United Kingdom	2	53	123	108	0.883
		271	5,249	13,343	9,516	0.713

Service Area L	ane Names	Shipment Quantity	Shipment Weight (in kg)	Tonne KM (in tkm)	CO2e WtW (in kg) ▼	Emissions per TKM
1 Van Nuys-Gatwick	(38	586	6,286	4,275	0.680
2 Vienna-Gatwick		51	1,776	3,366	2,858	0.849
3 -Gatwick		51	488	766	843	1.100
4 Eindhoven-Gatwic	k	14	1,251	1,337	453	0.339
5 Gatwick-Salt Lake	City	1	37	336	223	0.663
6 Gatwick-Belfast		21	164	147	120	0.818
7 Stockholm Catwic	NZ	2	52	122	102	በ ያያን
		271	5,249	13,343	9,516	0.713

Top 25 Lanes



All All 2024 Customer **Billing Country Period**

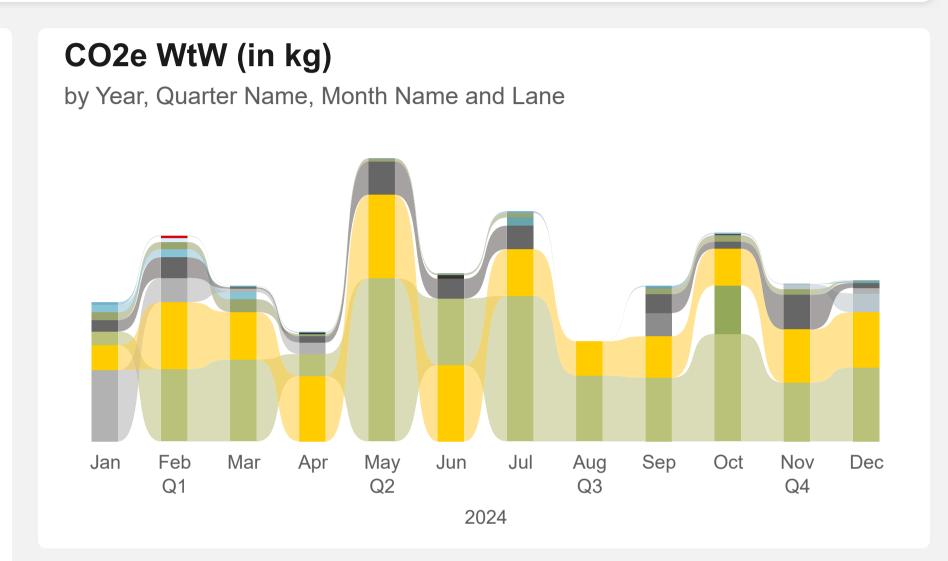
Breakdown of Top 25 Lanes

Top 25 ranking based on CO2e WtW (in kg)

Country to Country

Service Area to Service Area

Country Lanes	Shipment Quantity	Shipment Weight (in kg)	Tonne KM (in tkm)	CO2e WtW (in kg)	Share CO2e WtW	Emission Intensity (in kg CO2e per TKM)	Emission Intensity YoY YTD Var. in %
United States-United Kingdom	41	590	6,308	4,290	45.1%	0.680	-0.38%
Austria-United Kingdom	56	1,794	3,406	2,896	30.4%	0.850	7.96%
Germany-United Kingdom	50	461	735	832	8.7%	1.131	3.44%
Netherlands-United Kingdom	17	1,455	1,566	533	5.6%	0.340	-1.00%
United Kingdom-United Kingdom	49	569	351	267	2.8%	0.760	5.56%
United Kingdom-United States	1	37	336	223	2.3%	0.663	100.00%
Sweden-United Kingdom	2	53	123	108	1.1%	0.883	2.54%
Italy-United Kingdom	1	56	127	107	1.1%	0.838	100.00%
United Kingdom-India	3	14	136	102	1.1%	0.751	12.03%
United Kingdom-Germany	15	41	63	58	0.6%	0.924	-33.95%
United Kingdom-Ireland	28	135	110	42	0.4%	0.377	-8.46%
Germany-Ireland	3	8	16	25	0.3%	1.522	100.00%
United Kingdom-Turkey	1	6	18	17	0.2%	0.952	1.11%
France-United Kingdom	1	27	31	11	0.1%	0.364	-64.76%
United Kingdom-Spain	1	2	4	3	0.0%	0.912	100.00%
United Kingdom-Austria	1	4	8	2	0.0%	0.205	100.00%
United Kingdom-Italy	1	2	4	1	0.0%	0.234	100.00%
Total Top 25	271	5,249	13,343	9,516	100.0%	0.713	25.51%
Total All Lanes	271	5,249	13,343	9,516	100.0%	0.713	25.51%





This visual does not support exporting.

Glossary



Metrics and KPIs	Description _
CO2e (kg)	Carbondioxide equivalent in kilos. "Equivalent" means that other greenhouse gases (GHGs) are represented in their equivalent amount in CO2, rather than reported individually. The six GHGs are carbondioxide (CO2), methane (CH4), nitrousoxide (N2O), sulphurhexafluoride (SF6), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) and perfluorocarbons (PFCs).
Emission Intensity (in kg CO2e per TKM)	A measure of the emission efficiency of transport, calculated as the total CO2 equivalent emissions per Tonnekilometer. Best used for comparison: 1- Analyze Trends: Look at how the emission intensity changes over time. A decreasing trend could indicate that the organization is becoming more carbon efficient. 2-Benchmark: Compare the emission intensity with industry averages or with other similar organizations to assess performance. 3-Identify Opportunities: Use the emission intensity analysis to identify areas for improvement and to inform emission reduction strategies.
Energy (MJ)	The total Energy consumption measured in mega joules.
EpK (Emissions per kilogram)	This measures the amount of GHG emissions produced per kilogram of freight transported. It's calculated by dividing the total CO2e emissions by the total weight of the freight transported (in kilograms). This indicator provides a useful measure of the carbon efficiency of freight transport, allowing comparisons across different modes of transport, routes, or logistics processes.
EpS (Emissions per shipment)	This is the amount of GHG emissions associated with each shipment. It can be useful for assessing the carbon efficiency of different types of shipments or different logistics processes. To calculate it, divide the total emissions by the total number of shipments.
EpTK (Emissions per ton-kilometer)	This is the amount of GHG emissions produced per ton-kilometer of freight transport. It's a commonly used metric in logistics as it takes into account both the distance traveled and the weight of the freight. To calculate it, divide the total emissions by the total ton-kilometers of freight transported.
Share CO2 (WtW) Air	The percentage of CO2e (WtW) related to air transport only, expressed as a portion of the total emissions generated from all modes of transport throughout the entire shipment journey.
Shipment Share of Clean Delivery	The percentage of shipments picked up or delivered using electric vehicles or bikes.
TonneKM	This is a standardized unit of measure in freight transport that quantifies the total transport output. It's calculated by multiplying the weight of the freight (in metric tonnes) by the distance it's transported (in kilometers). Each individual shipment contributes to the total TKM by considering its specific weight and the distance it travels. It's important to note that for accurate calculations, each shipment's data should be considered individually, as not all weight is transported over all distances when evaluating multiple shipments. TKM provides a comprehensive view of transport activity, factoring in both the volume of freight and the distance it is moved.
Weight Share of GoGreen Plus	The percentage of the total shipment weight that is shipped using GoGreen Plus.

Terms and Abbreviations	Description
Air Transport	Emissions related to aviation-based linehaul activities, both owned and 3rd party aircraft.
AM	Americas: North and South America, including the US.
AP	Asia-Pacific: Oceania, East and South Asia, excluding Middle East.
Clean Delivery	The shipments that were either picked-up or delivered in a clean manner (via an electric vehicle, walking or bike).
CO2e	Carbondioxide equivalent in tonnes or kilos. "Equivalent" means that other greenhouse gases (GHGs) are represented in their equivalent amount in CO2, rather than reported individually. The six GHGs are carbondioxide (CO2), methane (CH4), nitrousoxide (N2O), sulphurhexafluoride (SF6), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) and perfluorocarbons (PFCs).
DDI	Day Definite International; services with day-critical delivery across countries.
EM	Emerging Markets: Middle East and Africa.
Emission Intensity	In logistics, emission intensity referes to the amount of CO2e emissions produced per tonne-kilometer of transported goods/services. It is a metric to asssess the environmental impact and efficiency of a specific operation.
Envelope	A specific TDI product (DHL Express Envelope) that was up to December 2023 automatically considered GoGreen and thus offset. However as of January 2024, it is automatically considered GoGreen Plus and thus inset.
EU	Europe: Both European Union and non-EU, including Israel, Russia and Turkey.
Facilities	Emissions from all activities in DHL facilities, both at origin and destination (terminals) and in-between (hubs).
GoGreen Plus	Our insetting service which enables our customers to reduce the air emissions they produce by either signing up with a contract or using the tick-box option when booking via my DHL+
Insetting	The process of reducing emissions made by using sustainable aviation fuel (SAF). DHL Express uses SAF and enables its customers to claim emission reudction via GoGreen Plus
MJ	Megajoule; the amounts reported here reflect the corresponding energy used during transport, expressed in Megajoule units.
Pickup and Delivery	Emissions related to first and last mile stage activities, typically vans.
Road Transport	Emissions related to truck-based linehaul activities.
TDD	Time Definite Domestic; services with time-critical delivery within a country.
TDI	Time Definite International; services with time-critical delivery across countries.
TtW	Tank-to-Wheel: Refers to emissions and energy spent during the operational or downstream part of the lifecycle, either directly from vehicle transport (both air and road) and pick-up and delivery (PuD) activities or indirectly from DHL facilities (e.g. electricity). These activities are fully controlled by DHL.
WtT	Well-to-Tank: Reflects the upstream process of extraction, production and transport of fuel and energy; DHL does not have direct influence on these emissions and energy uses. Not separately shown in this report.
WtW	Well-to-Wheel: Describes the full lifecycle consisting of all relevant emissions and energy. Breaks down into TtW & WtT.